

RELIANCE PETRO MARKETING LIMITED

**Financial Statements
2020-21**

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**To the Members of RELIANCE PETRO MARKETING LIMITED****Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements****Opinion**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of **RELIANCE PETRO MARKETING LIMITED** ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2021, the Statement of Profit and Loss, including the statement of Other Comprehensive Income, the Cash Flow Statement and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "Financial Statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Financial Statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2021, its Profit including Other Comprehensive Income, its Cash Flows and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing ("SA") specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on the financial statements.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Board report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed on the other information that we obtained prior to the date of this auditor's report, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Management for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Act, with respect to the preparation of these Financial Statements that give a true and fair view of the Financial Position, Financial

Performance including Other Comprehensive Income, Cash Flows and the Statement Of Changes in Equity of the Company in accordance with the Ind AS and other accounting principles generally accepted in India.

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provision of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of the appropriate accounting policies; making judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Financial Statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements. As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of Section 143 of the Act, we give in the "Annexure A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.
2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit;
 - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as appears from our examination of those books;
 - c) The Balance Sheet, Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, the Cash Flow Statement and Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this report are in agreement with the books of account;
 - d) In our opinion, the aforesaid Financial Statements comply with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act;
 - e) On the basis of written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2021 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2021 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act;
 - f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company with reference to these financial statements and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B". Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these Financial Statements;
 - g) In our opinion, the managerial remuneration for the year ended March 31, 2021 has been paid/provided by the Company to its directors in accordance with the provisions of Section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act;

- h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rules 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
- i. The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its financial statements - Refer Note 22 to the financial statements;
 - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

For **Pathak H. D. & Associates LLP**

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration no. 107783W/W100593

Ashutosh Jethlia

Partner

Membership No.: 136007

Place : Mumbai

Date : April 27, 2021

UDIN : 21136007AAAAIE6771

“ANNEXURE A” TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS’ REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF RELIANCE PETRO MARKETING LIMITED

(Referred to in Paragraph 1 under the heading of “Report on other legal and regulatory requirements” of our report of even date)

i) In respect of its Fixed Assets :

- a. The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars including quantitative details and situation of Fixed Assets on the basis of available information.
- b. As explained to us, all the fixed assets have been physically verified by the management in a phased periodical manner, which in our opinion is reasonable, having regard to the size of the Company and nature of its assets. No material discrepancies were noticed on such physical verification.
- c. According to the information and explanations given to us and the title deeds / lease deeds and other records examined by us, we report that the title deeds / lease deeds in respect of all the immovable properties of lands which are freehold, immovable properties of land that have been taken on lease and disclosed as fixed assets in the financial statement and buildings are held in the Company’s name or in the Company’s erstwhile name as at the balance sheet date.

ii) As explained to us, physical verification of the inventories have been conducted at reasonable intervals by the management which in our opinion is reasonable, having regard to the size of the Company and nature of its inventories. No material discrepancies were noticed on such physical verification.

iii) The Company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured to companies, firms, limited liability partnerships or other parties covered in the register maintained under Section 189 of the Act. Consequently, the requirement of clause (iii) (a) to clause (iii) (c) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

iv) The Company has not directly or indirectly advanced loan to the person or given guarantees or securities in connection with the loan taken by persons covered under Section 185 of the Act. According to the Information and explanation given to us, Company has complied with the provisions of Section 186 of the Act, in respect of Investments, loans, guarantee or security given.

v) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted any deposits within the meaning of provisions of sections 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Act and the rules framed there under. Therefore, the clause (v) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

vi) The maintenance of cost records has been specified by the Central Government under Section 148(1) of the Act. We have broadly reviewed the cost records maintained by the Company pursuant to the Companies (Cost Records and Audit) Rules, 2014 as amended, prescribed by the Central Government under Section 148(1) of the Act and are of the opinion that, prima facie, the prescribed cost records have been made and maintained. We have, however, not made a detailed examination of the cost records with a view to determine whether they are accurate or complete.

vii) In respect of Statutory dues :

- a) According to the records of the Company, undisputed statutory dues including provident fund, employees' state insurance, income tax, goods and service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, cess and any other statutory dues as applicable to it have been regularly deposited with appropriate authorities. According to the information and explanations given to us, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of the aforesaid dues, were outstanding as at March 31, 2021 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
- a) According to the information and explanations given to us, dues of provident fund, employees' state insurance, income tax, goods and service tax, sales tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and any other statutory dues as applicable to it which have not been deposited as on 31st March, 2021 on account of disputes are given below:

Sr. No.	Name of the Statute	Nature of the Dues	Amount (₹in Lakh)	Period to which the amount relates	Forum where dispute is pending
1	Central Sales Tax Act, 1956 and Sales Tax Acts of various states	Sales Tax/VAT and Entry Tax	1514.57	2004-05 and 2005-06	High Court
			5.68	2009-10	Additional Commissioner Appeal Commercial tax
			1.78	2014-15	Appellate Board
			4.86	2011-12	Commissioner Commercial Taxes
			7.85	2004-05	Commercial Tax Appeal Board
			831.78	2008-09	Tribunal
			1.02	2008-09	Joint Commissioner of Sales Tax (Appeal)
	Total		2,367.54		

- viii) The Company has not raised any loans from financial institutions or banks or government or debenture holders. Therefore, the clause (viii) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- ix) The Company has not raised money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) or term Loan and hence clause (ix) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- x) Based on the audit procedures performed for the purpose of reporting the true and fair view of the financial statements and as per information and explanations given to us, no fraud by the Company or on the Company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the year.

- x i) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, managerial remuneration has been paid or provided in accordance with the requisite approvals mandated by the provisions of Section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act.
- x ii) In our opinion Company is not a nidhi Company. Therefore, the provisions of clause (xii) of paragraph 3 of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- x iii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, all transactions with related parties are in compliance with Sections 177 and 188 of the Act and their details have been disclosed in the financial statements etc., as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- x iv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year and hence clause (xiv) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- x v) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transaction with the directors or persons connected with him and covered under section 192 of the Act. Hence, clause (xv) of the paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- x vi) To the best of our knowledge and as explained, the Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.

For Pathak H. D. & Associates LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration no. 107783W/W100593

Ashutosh Jethlia

Partner

Membership No.: 136007

Place : Mumbai

Date : April 27, 2021

UDIN : 21136007AAAAIE6771

ANNEXURE “B” TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR’S REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF RELIANCE PETRO MARKETING LIMITED

(Referred to in paragraph 2 (f) under ‘Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements’ of our report of even date)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 (“the Act”)

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **RELIANCE PETRO MARKETING LIMITED** (“the Company”) as of March 31, 2021 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management’s Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company’s management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the “Guidance Note”) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (“ICAI”). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company’s policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditor’s Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note issued by ICAI and the Standards on Auditing prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these financial statements was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting with reference to these financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor’s judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company’s internal financial controls system over financial reporting with reference to these financial statements.

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting with reference to these financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting with reference to these financial statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company ; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the Financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting With Reference To These Financial Statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting with reference to these financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these financial statements and such internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these financial statements were operating effectively as at March 31, 2021, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note issued by ICAI.

For Pathak H. D. & Associates LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration no. 107783W/W100593

Ashutosh Jethlia

Partner

Membership No.: 136007

Place : Mumbai

Date : April 27, 2021

UDIN : 21136007AAAAIE6771

RELIANCE PETRO MARKETING LIMITED**Balance Sheet**

	Note	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March, 2020	₹ Lakh
ASSETS				
Non-Current Assets				
Property, Plant and Equipment	1	55 52.80	62 44.04	
Capital Work in Progress	1	9 80.81	2 92.92	
Financial Assets				
Investments				
Other Non-Current Assets	2	18 15.48	14 45.29	
Total Non-Current Assets		83 49.09		79 82.25
Current Assets				
Inventories	3	26 03.00	221 73.94	
Financial Assets				
Investments	4	450 34.37	233 13.51	
Trade Receivables	5	2 90.30	269 29.58	
Cash and cash equivalents	6	5 65.53	13 35.36	
Other Current Assets	7	53 09.58	70 33.20	
Total Current Assets		538 02.78		807 85.59
TOTAL ASSETS		621 51.87		887 67.84
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES				
Equity				
Equity Share Capital	8	5.00	5.00	
Other Equity	9	368 61.59	318 02.57	
Total Equity		368 66.59		318 07.57
Non-Current Liabilities				
Deferred Tax Liability (Net)	10	11 93.27		8 95.72
Current Liabilities				
Financial Liabilities				
Micro and small Enterprises	11	1 16.19	1 33.71	
Other than Micro and small Enterprises	11	22 79.16	273 47.91	
Other Financial Liabilities	12	182 20.20	212 80.20	
Other Current Liabilities	13	34 56.68	71 93.50	
Provisions	14	19.78	1 09.23	
Total Current Liabilities		240 92.01		560 64.55
Total Liabilities		252 85.28		569 60.27
Total Equity and Liabilities		621 51.87		887 67.84

Significant Accounting Policies
Notes to Financial Statements

1 to 28

As per our Report of even date

For **Pathak H. D. & Associates LLP**
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No.: 107783W/W100593

For and on behalf of the Board

Ashutosh Jethlia
Partner
Membership No - 136007

C. S. Borar
Director
DIN - 00043459

Srinivas Tuttagunta
Director
DIN - 08923672

Place: Mumbai
Date: 27th April 2021

Vishal Sood
Whole-time-director
DIN - 09063113

V. Mohana
Director
DIN - 08333092

RELIANCE PETRO MARKETING LIMITED**Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31st March 2021**

	Note	2020-21	₹ Lakh 2019-20
INCOME			
Value of Sales	15	5273 33.05	14212 34.59
Income from Services		1.36	2 27.83
Value of Sales & Services		5273 34.41	14214 62.42
Less : GST Recovered		60 15.86	88 33.72
Revenue from Operations		5213 18.55	14126 28.70
Other Income	16	63 29.61	17 68.64
Total Income		5276 48.16	14143 97.34
EXPENSES			
Purchases of Stock-in-Trade		4802 94.66	13708 53.65
Changes in Inventories of Stock-in-Trade	17	195 20.02	(37 06.41)
Employee Benefits Expenses	18	58 74.05	29 68.70
Depreciation / Amortisation		9 71.65	9 26.13
Other Expenses	19	109 94.55	306 63.50
Total Expenses		5176 54.93	14017 05.57
Profit / (Loss) Before Tax		99 93.23	126 91.77
Tax Expenses			
Current Tax	2.1	20 78.80	32 47.42
Deferred Tax	10	2 97.55	(3 40.72)
Profit for the Year		76 16.88	97 85.07
Other Comprehensive Income			
(i) Items that will not be reclassified to Profit or loss			
Remeasurement of Defined Benefit Plans	18.1	(11.24)	(31.92)
(ii) Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or Loss			
		2.83	8.03
(iii) Items that will be reclassified to Profit or Loss			
Debt instruments through Other Comprehensive Income	16.1	(34 06.99)	1,387.46
(iv) Income tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or Loss			
		8 57.54	(3 49.22)
Total Comprehensive Income for the year		50 59.02	107 99.42
Earning per Equity Share of face value ₹10 each			
Basic (in ₹)	20	15 233.76	19 570.14
Diluted (in ₹)	20	12 561.85	16 137.66
Significant Accounting Policies			
Notes to Financial Statements	1 to 28		

As per our Report of even date

For **Pathak H. D. & Associates LLP**
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No.: 107783W/W100593

For and on behalf of the Board

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V. Mohana
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RELIANCE PETRO MARKETING LIMITED**Statement of Changes in Equity for the period ended 31st March 2021**

₹ in Lakh

A. Equity Share Capital

Balance at the beginning of the reporting period i.e. 1st April, 2019	Changes in equity share capital during the year 2019-20	Balance at the end of the reporting period i.e. 31st March, 2020	Changes in equity share capital during the year 2020-21	Balance at the end of the reporting period i.e. 31st March 2021
5.00	-	5.00	-	5.00

B. Other Equity

₹ in Lakh

Particulars	Equity component of compound financial instrument	Reserves and Surplus			Other Comprehensive Income	Total
	10% Non Cumulative Optionally Convertible Preference Shares *	Capital Redemption Reserve	Securities Premium Reserve	Retained Earnings		

As on 31st March 2020

Balance at the beginning of the reporting period i.e. 1st April, 2019	3 99.58	6.02	7 14.50	179 97.81	18 85.24	210 03.15
Total Comprehensive Income for the year	-	-	-	97 85.07	10 14.35	107 99.42
Balance at the end of the reporting period i.e. 31st March, 2020	3 99.58	6.02	7 14.50	277 82.88	28 99.60	318 02.57

As on 31st March 2021

Balance at the beginning of the reporting period i.e. 1st April, 2020	3 99.58	6.02	7 14.50	277 82.88	28 99.60	318 02.57
Total Comprehensive Income for the year	-	-	-	76 16.88	(25 57.86)	50 59.02
Balance at the end of the reporting period i.e. 31st March 2021	3 99.58	6.02	7 14.50	353 99.76	3 41.74	368 61.59

*Refer Note 9.1 to 9.4 for Details of 10% Non Cumulative Optionally Convertible Preference Shares.

As per our Report of even date

For **Pathak H. D. & Associates LLP**
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No.: 107783W/W100593

For and on behalf of the Board

Ashutosh Jethlia
Partner
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Place: Mumbai
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RELIANCE PETRO MARKETING LIMITED**Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 31st March 2021**

	2020-21	2019-20
		₹ Lakh
A. CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net Profit before tax as per Statement of Profit and Loss	99 93.23	126 91.77
Adjusted for:		
Depreciation / Amortisation	9 71.65	9 26.13
Actuarial gain/loss on Defined Benefit Plan	(11.24)	(31.92)
(Profit)/ Loss on Sale / Discard of Assets (Net)	1.07	1.32
Dividend Income from Others	-	(2 74.95)
Gain on Financial Assets	(55 04.31)	(1 12.20)
Effect of Foreign Exchange Fluctuation	(0.01)	(0.01)
Interest Income	(34.32)	(14.85)
	<u>(45 77.16)</u>	4 93.52
Operating Profit before Working Capital Changes	54 16.07	131 85.29
Adjusted for:		
Trade & Other Payables	(319 72.54)	(161 96.56)
Trade & Other Receivables	32 40.49	65 35.68
Inventories	195 70.94	(37 13.56)
	<u>(91 61.11)</u>	(133 74.44)
Cash Generated from Operations	(37 45.04)	(1 89.15)
Taxes Paid (Net)	(15 85.43)	(32 36.71)
Net Cash Generated from Operating Activities	(53 30.47)	(34 25.86)
B. CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Dividend Income	-	2 74.95
Purchase of tangible and intangible assets	(9 69.37)	(13 19.26)
Interest Received	34.33	14.85
Net Cash Generated from/(Used in) Investing Activities	(9 35.04)	(10 29.46)
C. CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Finance Cost	54 93.07	80.28
Net Cash (Used in) Financing Activities	54 93.07	80.28
Net Increase/(Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(7 72.44)	(43 75.04)
Opening Balance of Cash & Cash Equivalents	12 99.70	56 74.74
Closing Balance of Cash & Cash Equivalents*	5 27.26	12 99.70

*Refer note 6

As per our Report of even date

For **Pathak H. D. & Associates LLP**
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No.: 107783W/W100593

For and on behalf of the Board

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DIN - 08333092

RELIANCE PETRO MARKETING LIMITED**A. CORPORATE INFORMATION**

Reliance Petro Marketing Limited ("the Company") is a wholly owned subsidiary of Reliance Retail Limited. The registered address of the company is 5th Floor, Court House, Lokmanya Tilak Marg, Dhobi Talao, Mumbai 400 002.

The Company is in retail selling and distribution of petroleum and related products in India.

B. ACCOUNTING POLICIES**B.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND PRESENTATION**

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for following assets and

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared to comply with the Indian Accounting standards

Company's financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (₹), which is also its functional currency and all

The figures for the corresponding previous year have been regrouped / reclassified wherever necessary, to

B.2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**(a) Current and Non-Current Classification**

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the Balance Sheet based on Current/ Non-Current classification.

An asset is treated as Current when it is –

- Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle;
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is current when:

- It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle;
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

The Company classifies all other liabilities as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

(b) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost, net of recoverable taxes, trade discount and rebates less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. Such cost includes purchase price, borrowing cost and any cost directly attributable to bringing the assets to its working condition for its intended use, net charges on foreign exchange contracts and adjustments arising from exchange rate variations attributable to the assets.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the entity and the cost can be measured reliably.

Property, plant and equipment which are significant to the total cost of that item of property, plant and equipment and having different useful life are accounted separately.

Other Indirect Expenses incurred relating to project, net of income earned during the project development stage prior to its intended use, are considered as pre-operative expenses and disclosed under Capital Work-in-Progress.

Depreciation on property, plant and equipment is provided based on useful life of the assets prescribed in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013, except in respect of Vehicles, where estimated useful life is 5 years.

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The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

(b) Leases:

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

In respect of fixed assets given on finance lease, assets are shown as receivable at an amount equal to net investment in the lease. Initial direct costs are recognised immediately as expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Income from leased assets is accounted by applying the interest rate implicit in the lease to the net investment.

(b) Intangible assets:

Intangible Assets are stated at cost of acquisition net of recoverable taxes less accumulated amortisation/depletion and impairment loss, if any. The cost comprises purchase price, borrowing costs, and any cost directly attributable to bringing the asset to its working condition for the intended use and net charges on foreign exchange contracts and adjustments arising from exchange rate variations attributable to the intangible assets.

Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in the statement of profit or loss when the asset is derecognised.

Intangible assets comprising of Software are amortised over the period of 5 to 10 years.

Gains or losses arising from derecognition of a Property, Plant and Equipment are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss when the asset is derecognised.

(c) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise of cash on hand, cash at banks, short-term deposits and short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

(d) Finance Costs

Borrowing costs include exchange differences arising from foreign currency borrowings to the extent they are regarded as an adjustment to the interest cost. Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or construction of qualifying assets are capitalised as part of the cost of such assets. A qualifying asset is one that necessarily takes substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use.

Interest income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

All other borrowing costs are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss for the period for which they are incurred

(e) Inventories

Items of inventories are measured at lower of cost and net realisable value after providing for obsolescence, if any, except in case of by-products which are valued at net realisable value. Cost of inventories comprises of cost of purchase, cost of conversion and other costs including manufacturing overheads net of recoverable taxes incurred in bringing them to their respective present location and condition.

Cost of finished goods, work-in-progress, raw materials, chemicals, stores and spares, packing materials, trading and other products are determined on weighted average basis.

(f) Impairment of non-financial assets - property, plant and equipment and intangible assets

The Company assesses at each reporting date as to whether there is any indication that any Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible Assets or group of Assets, called Cash Generating Units (CGU) may be impaired. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of an asset or CGU is estimated to determine the extent of impairment, if any. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the CGU to which the asset belongs.

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An impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss to the extent, asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is higher of an asset's fair value less cost of disposal and value in use. Value in use is based on the estimated future cash flows, discounted to their present value using pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and risk specific to the assets.

The impairment loss recognised in prior accounting period is reversed if there has been a change in the estimate of recoverable amount.

(g) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.

(h) Contingent Liabilities

Disclosure of contingent liability is made when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle or a reliable estimate of amount cannot be made.

(i) Employee Benefits**Short Term Employee Benefits**

The undiscounted amount of short term employee benefits expected to be paid in exchange for the services rendered by employees are recognised as an expense during the period when employees render the services.

Post-Employment Benefits**Defined Contribution Plans**

The Company recognizes contribution payable to the provident fund scheme as an expense, when an employee renders the related service. If the contribution payable to the scheme for service received before the balance sheet date exceeds the contribution already paid, the deficit payable to the scheme is recognized as a liability after deducting the contribution already paid. If the contribution already paid exceeds the contribution due for services received before the balance sheet date, then excess is recognised as an asset to the extent that the pre-payment will lead to, for example, a reduction in future payment or a cash refund.

Defined Benefit Plans

The Company pays gratuity to the employees who have completed five years of service with the Company at the time of resignation/superannuation. The gratuity is paid @15 days basic salary for every completed year of service as per the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972. The gratuity liability amount is contributed to the approved gratuity fund formed exclusively for gratuity payment to the employees. The gratuity fund has been approved by respective Income Tax authorities. The liability in respect of gratuity and other post-employment benefits is calculated using the Projected Unit Credit Method and spread over the period during which the benefit is expected to be derived from employees' services.

Remeasurement gains and losses arising from adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognised in the period in which they occur in Other Comprehensive Income.

Employee Separation Costs

The Company recognises the employee separation cost when the scheme is announced, and the Company is demonstrably committed to it.

RELIANCE PETRO MARKETING LIMITED**(j) Tax Expenses**

The tax expenses for the period comprises of current tax and deferred income tax. Tax is recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in the Other Comprehensive Income. In which case, the tax is also recognised in Other Comprehensive Income.

(i) Current tax

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the Income Tax authorities, based on tax rates and laws that are enacted at the Balance sheet date.

(ii) Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the Financial Statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit.

Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax losses can be utilised. Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. The carrying amount of Deferred tax liabilities and assets are reviewed at the end of each reporting period.

(k) Foreign currencies transactions and translation

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the exchange rate prevailing on the date of transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the functional currency closing rates of exchange at the reporting date. Exchange differences arising on settlement or translation of monetary items are recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss except to the extent of exchange differences which are regarded as an adjustment to interest costs on foreign currency borrowings that are directly attributable to the acquisition or construction of qualifying assets which are capitalised as cost of assets. Additionally, exchange gains or losses on foreign currency borrowings taken prior to April 1, 2016 which are related to the acquisition or construction of qualifying assets are adjusted in the carrying cost of such assets.

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are recorded using the exchange rates at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was measured. The gain or loss arising on translation of non-monetary items measured at fair value is treated in line with the recognition of the gain or loss on the change in fair value of the item (i.e. translation differences on items whose fair value gain or loss is recognised in Other Comprehensive Income or Statement of Profit and Loss are also recognised in Other Comprehensive Income or Statement of Profit and Loss, respectively).

In case of an asset, expense or income where a non-monetary advance is paid/received, the date of transaction is the date on which the advance was initially recognised. If there were multiple payments or receipts in advance, multiple dates of transactions are determined for each payment or receipt of advance consideration.

Exchange differences arising on settlement or translation of monetary items are recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that exchange differences which are regarded as an adjustment to interest costs on foreign currency borrowings are capitalized as cost of assets under construction.

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are recorded using the exchange rates at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was measured. The gain or loss arising on translation of non-monetary items measured at fair value is treated in line with the recognition of the gain or loss on the change in fair value of the item (i.e., translation differences on items whose fair value gain or loss is recognised in OCI or profit or loss are also recognised in OCI or profit or loss, respectively).

RELIANCE PETRO MARKETING LIMITED**(l) Revenue recognition**

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognised when control of the goods or services are transferred to the customer at an amount that reflects the consideration entitled in exchange for those goods or services. The Company is generally the principal as it typically controls the goods or services before transferring them to the customer.

Generally, control is transferred upon shipment of goods to the customer or when the goods is made available to the customer, provided transfer of title to the customer occurs and the Company has not retained any significant risks of ownership or future obligations with respect to the goods shipped.

Revenue from rendering of services is recognised over time by measuring the progress towards complete satisfaction of performance obligations at the reporting period

Revenue is measured at the amount of consideration which the Company expects to be entitled to in exchange for transferring distinct goods or services to a customer as specified in the contract, excluding amounts collected on behalf of third parties (for example taxes and duties collected on behalf of the government). Consideration is generally due upon satisfaction of performance obligations and a receivable is recognised when it becomes unconditional. Generally, the credit period varies between 0-60 days from the shipment or delivery of goods or services as the case may be. The Company provides volume rebates to certain customers once the quantity of products purchased during the period exceeds a threshold specified and also accrues discounts to certain customers based on customary business practices which is derived on the basis of crude price volatility and various market demand – supply situations. Consideration are determined based on its most likely amount. Generally, sales of petroleum products contain provisional pricing features where revenue is initially recognised based on provisional price.

Difference between final settlement price and provisional price is recognised subsequently. The Company does not adjust short-term advances received from the customer for the effects of significant financing component if it is expected at the contract inception that the promised good or service will be transferred to the customer within a period of one year.

Interest income

Interest income from a financial asset is recognised using effective interest rate method.

Dividends

Revenue is recognised when the Company's right to receive the payment has been established.

(m) Financial instruments**(i) Financial Assets****A. Initial recognition and measurement:**

All financial assets and liabilities are initially recognized at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities, which are not at fair value through profit or loss, are adjusted to the fair value on initial recognition. Purchase and sale of financial assets are recognised using trade date accounting.

B. Subsequent measurement**a) Financial assets carried at amortised cost (AC)**

A financial asset is measured at amortised cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold the asset in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

b) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)

A financial asset is measured at FVTOCI if it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

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c) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

A Financial Asset which is not classified in any of the above categories are measured at FVTPL. Financial assets are reclassified subsequent to their recognition, if the Company changes its business model for managing those financial assets. Changes in business model are made and applied prospectively from the reclassification date which is the first day of immediately next reporting period following the changes in business model in accordance with principles laid down under Ind AS 109 – Financial Instruments.

C. Other Equity Investments:

All other equity investments are measured at fair value, with value changes recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss, except for those equity investments for which the Company has elected to present the value changes in 'Other Comprehensive Income'. However, dividend on such equity investments are recognised in Statement of Profit and loss when the Company's right to receive payment is established.

D. Impairment of financial assets

In accordance with Ind AS 109, the Company uses 'Expected Credit Loss' (ECL) model, for evaluating impairment of Financial Assets other than those measured at Fair Value Through Profit and Loss (FVTPL).

Expected credit losses are measured through a loss allowance at an amount equal to:

- a) The 12-months expected credit losses (expected credit losses that result from those default events on the financial instrument that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date); or
- b) Full lifetime expected credit losses (expected credit losses that result from all possible default events over the life of the financial instrument)

For trade receivables Company applies 'simplified approach' which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised from initial recognition of the receivables. The Company uses historical default rates to determine impairment loss on the portfolio of trade receivables. At every reporting date these historical default rates are reviewed and changes in the forward looking estimates are analysed.

For other assets, the Company uses 12 month ECL to provide for impairment loss where there is no significant increase in credit risk. If there is significant increase in credit risk full lifetime ECL is used.

(ii) Financial liabilities

A. Initial recognition and measurement:

All financial liabilities are recognized at fair value and in case of loans, net of directly attributable cost. Fees of recurring nature are directly recognised in profit or loss as finance cost.

B. Subsequent measurement:

Financial liabilities are carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method. For trade and other payables maturing within one year from the balance sheet date, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the short maturity of these instruments.

(iii) Offsetting

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is presented in the balance sheet when, and only when, the Company has a legally enforceable right to set off the amount and it intends, either to settle them on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously

(iv) Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit after tax by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year adjusted for bonus element in equity share. Diluted earnings per share adjusts the figures used in determination of basic earnings per share to take into account the conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares. Dilutive potential equity shares are deemed converted as at the beginning of the period unless issued at a later date.

RELIANCE PETRO MARKETING LIMITED**(n) Leases:**

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease, transfers substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

Leased assets: Assets held under finance leases are initially recognised as assets of the Company at their fair value at the inception of the lease or, if lower, at the present value of the minimum lease payments. The corresponding liability to the lessor is included in the balance sheet as a finance lease obligation.

Lease payments are apportioned between finance expenses and reduction of the lease obligation so as to achieve a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Finance expenses are recognised immediately in Statement of Profit and Loss, unless they are directly attributable to qualifying assets, in which case they are capitalized. Contingent rentals are recognised as expenses in the periods in which they are incurred.

A leased asset is depreciated over the useful life of the asset ranging from 18 years to 99 years. However, if there is no reasonable certainty that the Company will obtain ownership by the end of the lease term, the asset is depreciated over the shorter of the estimated useful life of the asset and the lease term.

Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term except where another systematic basis is more representative of time pattern in which economic benefits from the leased assets are consumed.

C. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY:

The preparation of the Company's Financial Statements requires management to make judgement, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of revenue, expenses, assets and liabilities and the accompanying disclosures. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets or liabilities affected in next financial years.

a) PROPERTY PLANT AND EQUIPMENT/ INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Estimates are involved in determining the cost attributable to bringing the assets to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by the management. Property, Plant and Equipment/Intangible Assets are depreciated/amortised over their estimated useful life, after taking into account estimated residual value. Management reviews the estimated useful life and residual values of the assets annually in order to determine the amount of depreciation/ amortisation to be recorded during any reporting period. The useful life and residual values are based on the Company's historical experience with similar assets and take into account anticipated technological changes. The depreciation/amortisation for future periods is revised if there are significant changes from previous estimates.

b) RECOVERABILITY OF TRADE RECEIVABLES

Judgments are required in assessing the recoverability of overdue trade receivables and determining whether a provision against those receivables is required. Factors considered include the credit rating of the counterparty, the amount and timing of anticipated future payments and any possible actions that can be taken to mitigate the risk of non-payment.

c) PROVISIONS

The timing of recognition and quantification of the liability (including litigations) requires the application of judgement to existing facts and circumstances, which can be subject to change. The carrying amounts of provisions and liabilities are reviewed regularly and revised to take account of changing facts and circumstances.

RELIANCE PETRO MARKETING LIMITED**d) IMPAIRMENT OF FINANCIAL AND NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS**

The impairment provisions for Financial Assets are based on assumptions about risk of default and expected cash loss rates. The Company uses judgement in making these assumptions and selecting the inputs to the impairment calculation, based on Company's past history, existing market conditions as well as forward-looking estimates at the end of each reporting period.

In case of non-financial assets company estimates asset's recoverable amount, which is higher of an asset's or Cash Generating Units (CGU's) fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use.

In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. In determining fair value less costs of disposal, recent market transactions are taken into account, if no such transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used.

e) RECOGNITION OF DEFERRED TAX ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised for deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses for which there is probability of utilisation against the future taxable profit. The Company uses judgement to determine the amount of deferred tax that can be recognised, based upon the likely timing and the level of future taxable profits and business developments.

f) FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT

For estimates relating to fair value of financial instruments refer note 36 of financial statements.

g) GLOBAL HEALTH PANDEMIC ON COVID-19

The outbreak of corona virus (COVID-19) pandemic globally and in India is causing significant disturbance and slowdown of economic activity. The Company's operations and revenue during the period were impacted due to COVID-19. The Company has taken into account the possible impact of COVID-19 in preparation of financial statements, including its assessment of recoverable value of its assets based on internal and external information upto the date of approval of these financial statements and current indicators of future economic conditions.

RELIANCE PETRO MARKETING LIMITED**Notes on Financial Statements for the period ended 31st March 2021****1. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT AND CAPITAL WORK-IN-PROGRESS.**

₹ Lakh

Description	Gross Block				Depreciation				Net Block	
	As at 01-04-2020	Additions/ Adjustments	Deductions/ Adjustments	As at 31-03-2021	As at 01-04-2020	For the Year	Deductions/ Adjustments	As at 31-03-2021	As at 31-03-2021	As at 31-03-2020
<u>Own Assets :</u>										
Land-Freehold	3 72.24	-	-	3 72.24	-	-	-	-	3 72.24	3 72.24
Building	4 05.55	-	-	4 05.55	2 28.90	19.55	-	2 48.45	1 57.10	1 76.65
Plant and Machinery	128 15.88	2 80.16	1.20	130 94.84	71 88.67	9 42.73	0.52	81 30.88	49 63.96	56 27.21
Equipments	1 03.50	1.33	3.70	1 01.13	82.80	7.85	3.59	87.07	14.06	20.70
Furniture and fixtures	15.56	-	0.17	15.39	12.42	0.62	0.16	12.88	2.51	3.14
Vehicles	27.36	-	-	27.36	25.99	-	-	25.99	1.37	1.37
Electrical Installations	9.12	-	0.96	8.16	6.08	0.40	0.69	5.79	2.37	3.04
Sub Total (A)	137 49.21	2 81.49	6.03	140 24.67	75 44.86	9 71.15	4.96	85 11.06	55 13.61	62 04.35
Leased Assets										
Leasehold land	50.63	-	-	50.63	10.94	0.50	-	11.44	39.19	39.69
Sub Total (B)	50.63	-	-	50.63	10.94	0.50	-	11.44	39.19	39.69
Total	137 99.84	2 81.49	6.03	140 75.30	75 55.80	9 71.65	4.96	85 22.50	55 52.80	62 44.04
Previous Year	128 22.96	10 26.33	49.45	137 99.84	66 77.83	9 26.13	48.16	75 55.80	62 44.04	
Capital Work in progress	2 92.92	6 87.89	-	9 80.81	-	-	-	-	9 80.81	2 92.92

RELIANCE PETRO MARKETING LIMITED**Notes on Financial Statements for the period ended 31st March 2021**

2 OTHER NON CURRENT ASSETS (Unsecured and Considered Good)	₹ Lakh	
	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March, 2020
Advance Income Tax (Net of Provision)	5 04.50	1 37.49
Deposits	13 09.33	13 07.80
Other Loans and Advances*	1.65	-
Total	18 15.48	14 45.29

*Includes loan to employees

2.1 TAXATION

a) Income tax recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss	₹ Lakh	
	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March, 2020
Current tax	20 78.80	32 47.42
Deferred tax	2 97.55	(3 40.72)
Total income tax expenses recognised in the current year	23 76.35	29 06.70

The income tax expenses for the year can be reconciled to the accounting profit as follows:

Particulars	₹ Lakh	
	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March, 2020
Profit before tax	99 93.23	126 91.77
Applicable Tax Rate	25.168%	25.168%
Computed Tax Expense	25 15.10	31 94.26
Tax Effect of :		
Expenses disallowed	12 39.89	11 30.35
Additional allowances	(16 76.19)	(10 77.19)
Current Tax Provision (A)	20 78.80	32 47.42
Incremental deferred tax liability on account of Tangible and Intangible Assets	2 97.55	(3 40.72)
Deferred Tax Provision (B)	2 97.55	(3 40.72)
Income tax expenses recognised in the Statement of Profit and loss (A+B)	23 76.35	29 06.70
Effective Tax Rate	24%	23%

b) Advance Income Tax (Net of Provision)

	₹ Lakh	
	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March, 2020
At Start of the year	1 37.49	1 47.72
Charge for the year	(20 78.80)	(32 47.42)
Others #	860.37	(341.19)
Tax paid during the year (net of refund)	15 85.43	35 78.38
At the end of the year	5 04.49	1 37.49

Mainly pertains to Provision for tax on Other Comprehensive Income

3 INVENTORIES

	₹ Lakh	
	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March, 2020
Stores, Spares and other Consumables	4 19.15	4 70.07
Stock-in-Trade *	21 83.85	217 03.87
Total	26 03.00	221 73.94

* Stock - in - trade includes Material in Transit of ₹ 65.07 Lakhs (Previous Year ₹2049.15 Lakhs)

RELIANCE PETRO MARKETING LIMITED**Notes on Financial Statements for the period ended 31st March 2021**

4 CURRENT INVESTMENTS	₹ Lakh			
	As at 31st March 2021		As at 31st March, 2020	
	Units	Amount (Rs in Lakhs)	Units	Amount (Rs in Lakhs)
Investments Classification at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income (FVTOCI)				
In Equity Shares - Unquoted, fully paid up				
Air Controls and Chemical Engg. Co. Ltd. of ₹ 1 each	1,000	0.02	1,000	0.02
In Units of Mutual Fund - Unquoted, fully paid up				
Nippon India Floating Rate Fund - Direct Growth Fund	1,84,20,260.184	66 29.08	-	-
	7,86,825.577	237 63.88		
Nippon India Low Duration - Direct Growth Plan			-	-
HDFC Low Duration - DP - Growth Plan	3,07,75,445.869	146 41.39	5,40,42,420.933	6,164.29
IDFC Corporate Bond Fund - Direct Plan - Growth			12,28,22,345.114	17,149.19
Sub-Total		450 34.37		233 13.51
Total Current Investments		450 34.37		233 13.51
Aggregate amount of Unquoted Investment		450 34.37		233 13.51

₹ Lakh

4.1 Category-wise Current investment	As at 31st March 2021		As at 31st March, 2020	
	Financial assets carried at amortised cost		-	
Financial assets measured at Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)		450 34.37		233 13.51
Total Current investment		450 34.37		233 13.51

RELIANCE PETRO MARKETING LIMITED**Notes on Financial Statements for the period ended 31st March 2021**

5 TRADE RECEIVABLE (Unsecured and Considered Good)	As at 31st March 2021	₹ Lakh As at 31st March, 2020
Trade Receivables	2 90.30	269 29.58
Total	2 90.30	269 29.58

6 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	As at 31st March 2021	₹ Lakh As at 31st March, 2020
Cash on hand	27.19	9 14.67
Balances with Bank	5 00.07	3 85.03
	5 27.26	12 99.70
Other Bank Balances In Deposits*	38.27	35.66
Cash and Cash equivalents as per Balance Sheet	5 65.53	13 35.36
Cash and Cash equivalents as per Statement of Cash Flows	5 27.26	12 99.70

6.1 * The company has placed fixed deposits amounting to Rs. 35.66 Lakhs of which an amount of Rs. 9.33 lakhs has been kept as lien for Bank Guarantees issued favoring various Beneficiaries amounting to Rs.9.88 lakhs (Previous Year Rs.9.88 lakhs under lien as security for guarantees from a bank) and also includes deposit of Rs.0.33 Lakhs (Previous Year Rs. 0.33 Lakhs) with maturity of more than 12 months.

6.2 Cash and cash equivalents includes deposits maintained by the Company with banks, which can be withdrawn by the Company at any point of time without prior notice or penalty on the principal.

7. OTHER CURRENT ASSETS (Unsecured and Considered Good)	As at 31st March 2021	₹ Lakh As at 31st March, 2020
Balances with Customs, Central Excise, GST and		
(a) State Authorities	46 42.04	64 11.83
(b) Prepaid Expenses	1 62.83	4 17.14
(c) Others #	5 04.71	2 04.23
Total	53 09.58	70 33.20

Others includes advances to employees and advances to vendors.

Notes on Financial Statements for the period ended 31st March 2021

	₹ Lakh	
8 SHARE CAPITAL	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March, 2020
Authorised Share Capital :		
50 00 000 Equity Shares of ₹ 10 each (50 00 000)	500.00	500.00
50 00 000 Preference Shares of ₹10 each (50 00 000)	500.00	500.00
Total	10 00.00	10 00.00
Issued, Subscribed and Paid up:		
50 000 Equity Shares of ₹10 each fully paid up (50 000)	5.00	5.00
Total	5.00	5.00

8.1 Details of Shareholder's holding more than 5% Shares

Name of the Shareholder	As at 31st March 2021		As at 31st March, 2020	
	No. of Shares	% held	No. of Shares	% held
<u>Equity Shares</u> Reliance Retail Limited (Holding Company)	50,000	100	50,000	100

8.2 The reconciliation of the number of shares outstanding is set out below :

Particulars	As at 31st March 2021		As at 31st March, 2020	
	No. of Shares		No. of Shares	
Equity Shares at the beginning of the year	50 000		50 000	
Add: Equity Share issued during the year	-		-	
Less: Equity Share bought back during the year	-		-	
Equity Outstanding at the end of the year	50 000		50 000	

8.3 Rights, Preferences and Restrictions attached to Equity Shares

The Company has one class of Equity Shares having a par value of ₹ 10/- per share. Each shareholder is eligible for one vote per share held. The dividend proposed, if any, by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the Annual General Meeting, except in case of interim dividend. In the event of liquidation, the equity shareholders are eligible to receive the remaining assets of the Company after distribution of all preferential amount, in proportion to their shareholding.

9 OTHER EQUITY

	₹ Lakh	
	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March, 2020
10% Non Cumulative Optionally Convertible Preference Shares		
As per Last Balance Sheet	399.58	399.58
Capital Redemption Reserve		
As per last Balance sheet	6.02	6.02
Securities Premium Reserve		
As per last Balance Sheet	714.50	714.50
Retained Earnings		
As per last Balance Sheet	277 82.88	179 97.81
Add: Profit for the Year	76 16.88	97 85.07
	353 99.76	277 82.88

Notes on Financial Statements for the period ended 31st March 2021

Other Comprehensive Income

As per last Balance Sheet	28 99.60		18 85.24	
Add: Movement in OCI (Net) during the year	(25 57.86)	3 41.74	10 14.35	28 99.60
Total		368 61.59		318 02.57

9.1 Details of Shareholder's holding more than 5% Preference Shares

(10% Non Cumulative Optionally Convertible Preference Shares)

Name of the Shareholder	As at 31st March 2021		As at 31st March, 2020	
	No. of Shares	% held	No. of Shares	% held
Preference share				
Reliance Retail Limited (Holding Company)	39,95,800	100	39,95,800	100

9.2 Terms of Preference Shares

Redeemable at the end of ten years from the date of allotment i.e. 25.11.2013 at a price of Rs. 260 per share. The Preference Shareholder have an option for early redemption any time after expiry of forty five days from the date of allotment by giving not less than Seven days notice. The Issuer and the preference shareholders will have an option for early conversion at any time by giving one month notice to the other party. The conversion of the Preference Shares will be based on higher of the book value or face of the share as at 31st March, 2015.

9.3 Rights, Preferences and Restrictions attached to Preference Shares

The Company has one class of Preference Shares i.e. 10% Non Cumulative Optionally Convertible Preference Shares of Rs.10/- per share. Such Preference Shares shall carry a preferential right over the Equity shares of the Company as regards to payment of dividend and repayment of capital, in the event of winding – up of the Company. The dividend proposed, if any, by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the Annual General Meeting.

9.4 The reconciliation of the number of 10% Non Cumulative Optionally Convertible Preference Shares outstanding is set out below :

Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March, 2020
	No. of Shares	No. of Shares
Preference Shares at the beginning of the year	39 95 800	39 95 800
Add: Preference Shares issued during the year	-	-
Less: Preference Share redeemed during the year	-	-
Preference Share Outstanding at the end of the year	39 95 800	39 95 800

10 DEFERRED TAX LIABILITY (NET)

The movement on the Deferred tax account is as follows :

	As at	As at
	31st March 2021	31st March, 2020
		₹ Lakh
At the Start of the Year	8 95.72	12 36.44
Charge/(Credit) to Profit or Loss (Note)	2 97.55	(3 40.72)
At the end of the year	11 93.27	8 95.72

Component of Deferred Tax Liabilities / (asset):

Deferred tax liabilities / asset in relation to:	As at 31st March, 2020	Charge/ (credit) to Profit/ Loss	As at 31st March 2021
Property, plant and equipment	9 25.00	277.66	12 02.66
Others (other disallowances)	(29.28)	19.89	(9.39)
Total	8 95.72	297.55	11 93.27

RELIANCE PETRO MARKETING LIMITED**Notes on Financial Statements for the period ended 31st March 2021**

11 TRADE PAYABLES	₹ Lakh	
	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March, 2020
Micro and small Enterprises	1 16.19	1 33.71
Others	22 79.16	273 47.91
Total	23 95.35	274 81.62

11.1 Trade Payables
There are no overdue amounts to Micro and Small Enterprises as at 31st March, 2021 for which disclosure requirements under Micro and Small Enterprises Development Act, 2006 are applicable.

12 OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES	₹ Lakhs	
	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March, 2020
Security Deposits*	182 20.20	212 80.20
Total	182 20.20	212 80.20

* Represents Deposit from customer/distributors

13 OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES	₹ Lakh	
	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March, 2020
Others ⁽¹⁾	34 56.68	71 93.50
Total	34 56.68	71 93.50

⁽¹⁾ Includes statutory liabilities, advance from customers

14 PROVISIONS - SHORT TERM	₹ Lakhs	
	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March, 2020
Provision for Employee Benefits (Refer Note 18.1)	19.78	1 09.23
Total	19.78	1 09.23

RELIANCE PETRO MARKETING LIMITED**Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2021****15 Revenue from Operation**

	<u>2020-21</u>	<u>2019-20</u>
Particulars of Sale of Products		
(i) Transportation fuel	4726 72.44	13529 53.29
(ii) Packed LPG	421 83.06	522 67.22
(iii) Lubes	124 77.54	160 14.08
	<u>5273 33.05</u>	<u>14212 34.59</u>
Income from Services		
(i) Franchise Fee	1.36	2 27.83
	<u>5273 34.41</u>	<u>14214 62.42</u>
Less: GST Recovered	60 15.86	88 33.72
Net Revenue from Operations	<u>5213 18.55</u>	<u>14126 28.70</u>

16 OTHER INCOME

	<u>2020-21</u>	<u>2019-20</u>
		₹ Lakhs
Interest Income		
From Bank Deposits	2.24	2.87
From Others	32.08	11.98
Dividend Income	-	2 74.95
Profit on Sale of Mutual Fund	55 04.31	1 12.20
Profit on Sale of Asset	-	-
Other non operating income	7 90.98	13 66.64
Total	<u>63 29.61</u>	<u>17 68.64</u>

16.1 OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

	<u>2020-21</u>	<u>2019-20</u>
		₹ Lakhs
MTM on account of Debt Instruments (Mutual Fund)	(34 06.99)	13 87.46
Total	<u>(34 06.99)</u>	<u>13 87.46</u>

17 CHANGES IN INVENTORIES OF STOCK IN TRADE

	<u>2020-21</u>	<u>2019-20</u>
		₹ Lakh
Inventories (at close)		
Stock-in-Trade	21 83.85	217 03.87
Inventories (at commencement)		
Stock-in-Trade	217 03.87	179 97.46
Total	<u>195 20.02</u>	<u>(37 06.41)</u>

18 EMPLOYEE BENEFITS AND EXPENSES

	<u>2020-21</u>	<u>2019-20</u>
		₹ Lakh
Salaries, Wages and Bonus	57 96.55	27 75.38
Contribution to Provident and other Funds	31.96	1 07.78
Employee Welfare and other amenities	45.54	85.54
Total	<u>58 74.05</u>	<u>29 68.70</u>

RELIANCE PETRO MARKETING LIMITED**Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2021****18.1 As per Indian Accounting Standard 19 "Employee benefits", the disclosures as defined are given below :****Defined Contribution Plan**

Contribution to Defined Contribution Plan, recognised as expense for the year is as under:

	₹ Lakh	
	2020-21	2019-20
Employer's Contribution to Provident Fund	23.49	55.13
Employer's Contribution to Superannuation Fund	1.97	1.85
Employer's Contribution to Pension Scheme	12.78	28.68

The Company's Provident Fund is exempted under Section 17 of Employees' Provident Fund and Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952.

Defined Benefit Plan**I. Reconciliation of Opening and Closing Balances of Defined Benefit Obligation**

	₹ Lakh	
	Gratuity (Funded)	
	2020-21	2019-20
Defined Benefit Obligation at beginning of the year	3 14.33	2 51.25
Re-measurement or Actuarial (gain) / loss arising from change in demographic assumption	-	(0.02)
change in financial assumption	(1.12)	28.66
Current Service Cost	7.96	24.84
Interest Cost	10.62	20.14
Actuarial (Gain)/ Loss - Due to change in experience and change in Financial assumptions	(3.77)	0.39
Benefits Paid / transferred out	(2 11.87)	(10.93)
Defined Benefit Obligation at year end	1 16.15	3 14.33

II. Reconciliation of Opening and Closing Balances of Fair Value of Plan Assets

	₹ Lakh	
	Gratuity (Funded)	
	2020-21	2019-20
Fair Value of Plan Assets at beginning of the year	4 05.72	3 78.27
Add: Liability Transferred In/ On Amalgamation	-	-
Interest Income	27.73	30.34
Return on Plan Assets, excluding Interest Income	(16.13)	(2.88)
Employer Contribution	-	-
Benefits Paid / Transferred out	(2 11.87)	-
Fair Value of Plan Assets at year end	2 05.45	4 05.72
Actual Return on Plan Asset	11.60	27.46

III. Reconciliation of Fair Value of Assets and Obligations

	₹ Lakh	
	Gratuity (Funded)	
	2020-21	2019-20
(Present Value of Obligation at the end of the Period)	(1 16.15)	(3 14.33)
Fair Value of Plan Assets at the end of the Period	2 05.45	4 05.72
Funded Status (Surplus/ (Deficit))	89.29	91.39
Net (Liability) / Asset recognised in the Balance Sheet	89.29	91.39

RELIANCE PETRO MARKETING LIMITED**Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2021****IV. Expenses recognised during the year**

₹ Lakh

	Gratuity (Funded)	
	2020-21	2019-20
In Income Statement		
Current Service Cost	7.96	24.84
Interest Cost	(17.11)	(10.18)
Return on Plan Assets	-	-
Expense recognised in the Income Statement	(9.15)	14.65
In Other Comprehensive Income		
Actuarial (Gain)/ Loss	(4.89)	29.03
Return on Plan Assets	16.13	2.88
Net (Income)/ Expense for the period recognised in OCI	11.24	31.91

V. Balance Sheet Reconciliation

₹ Lakh

	Gratuity (Funded)	
	2020-21	2019-20
Opening Net Liability	(109.23)	(155.79)
Expenses recognised in Statement of Profit or Loss	(9.15)	14.65
Expenses recognised in OCI	11.24	31.91
Net Liability / (Asset) recognised in the Balance Sheet	(107.14)	(109.23)

VI. Investment Details

	% Invested	2020-21	2019-20
		₹ Lakh	₹ Lakh
Insurance Policies	100%	2 05.45	4 05.72
Others	-	-	-
	100%	2 05.45	4 05.72

VII. Actuarial Assumptions

Mortality Table (IALM)	Gratuity (Funded)	
	2020-21	2019-20
	2006-08	2006-08
	(Ultimate)	(Ultimate)
Discount Rate (per annum)	7%	7%
Expected Rate of Return on Assets (per annum)	8%	7%
Rate of Escalation in Salary (per annum)	6%	6%
Rate of Employee Turnover	2%	2%

The estimates of rate of escalation in salary considered in actuarial valuation, take into account inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors including supply and demand in the employment market. The above information is certified by the actuary.

The expected rate of return on plan assets is determined considering several applicable factors, mainly the composition of Plan assets held, assessed risks, historical results of return on Plan assets and the Company's policy for Plan assets management.

VIII. The expected contributions for Defined Benefit Plan for the next financial year will be in line with FY 2019-20

RELIANCE PETRO MARKETING LIMITED**Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2021****IX. Sensitivity Analysis**

Significant Actuarial Assumptions for the determination of the defined benefit obligation are discount rate, expected salary increase and employee turnover. The sensitivity analysis below, have been determined based on reasonably possible changes of the assumptions occurring at end of the reporting period, while holding all other assumptions constant. The result of Sensitivity analysis is given below:

Particulars	₹ Lakh	
	31-Mar-21	31-Mar-20
Projected Benefit Obligation on Current Assumption	116.15	314.33
Delta Effect of +0.5% Change in Rate of Discounting - Increase	(5.10)	(13.41)
Delta Effect of -0.5% Change in Rate of Discounting - Decrease	5.43	14.33
Delta Effect of -0.5% Change in Rate of Salary Decrease	(5.17)	(13.58)
Delta Effect of + 0.5% Change in Rate of Salary Increase	5.45	14.38
Delta Effect of -0.5% Change in Rate of Employee Turnover - Decrease	(0.11)	(0.18)
Delta Effect of + 0.5% Change in Rate of Employee Turnover - Increase	0.11	0.18

These plans typically expose the Group to actuarial risks such as: investment risk, interest risk, longevity risk and salary risk.

Investment risk : The present value of the defined benefit plan liability is calculated using a discount rate which is determined by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on government bonds.

Interest risk : A decrease in the bond interest rate will increase the plan liability; however, this will be partially offset by an increase in the return on the plan debt investments.

Longevity risk : The present value of the defined benefit plan liability is calculated by reference to the best estimate of the mortality of plan participants both during and after their employment. An increase in the life expectancy of the plan participants will increase the plan's liability.

Salary risk: The present value of the defined plan liability is calculated by reference to the future salaries of plan participants. As such, an increase in the salary of the plan participants will increase the plan's liability.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2021

	₹ Lakh	
	2020-21	2019-20
19 OTHER EXPENSES		
SALES & DISTRIBUTION EXPENSES		
Sales Tax, Service Tax and Turnover Tax	19 54.63	39 49.53
Brokerage, Discount and Commission	17.11	26.09
Samples, Sales Promotion and Advertisement Expenses	1 91.78	5 21.72
Clearing and Forwarding/ Freight Expenses	4 59.09	4 70.32
	26 22.61	49 67.66
OPERATING EXPENSES INCLUDING ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES		
Operator Charges	55 41.72	190 56.87
Electricity Expenses	6 25.95	26 11.46
Security Expenses	72.10	77.92
Travelling and Conveyance Expenses	44.50	4 12.15
Repairs and Maintenance	5 43.79	5 49.50
Bank and Other Charges	6 57.05	22 97.02
Usage Charges	4.27	5.55
Donation	2 60.00	1 76.15
Rates & Taxes	2 93.84	23.82
Professional and Legal fees	1 37.27	91.72
Telephone expenses	10.77	22.76
Insurance	73.20	57.81
Loss on Sale / Discard of Assets	1.07	1.32
Printing and stationery	3.23	5.30
Project Material Cons	-	0.04
Forex Gain/Loss	(0.01)	-
Other General and Administrative Charges	78.19	2 81.45
	83 46.94	256 70.84
PAYMENTS TO AUDITORS AS :		
(a) Auditor		
Statutory Audit fees	20.00	20.00
Tax Audit fees	5.00	5.00
	25.00	25.00
Total	109 94.55	306 63.50

19.1 CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY (CSR)

(a) CSR amount required to be spent as per Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Schedule VII thereof by the Company during the year is ₹ 260 (Previous year ₹ 176 Lakhs).

(b) Expenditure related to CSR is ₹ 260 lakhs (Previous year ₹ 176.00 lakhs).

(c) Details of Amount spent towards CSR given below :

	₹ Lakh	
Particulars	2020-21	2019-20
Support to Preventive Healthcare Facilities	200.00	146.00
Support to Preventive Healthcare Facilities - COVID 19 Medical Support	60.00	
Education - Dhirubhai Ambani Scholarships		30.00
Total	260.00	176.00

(d) The entire ₹ 260 (Previous year ₹ 176 Lakhs) is spent through Reliance Foundation.

	2020-21	2019-20
20 EARNINGS PER SHARE (EPS)		
Face Value per Equity Share (₹)	10.00	10.00
Basic Earnings per Share (₹)	15 233.76	19 570.14
Net Profit after tax as per Statement of Profit and Loss attributable to Equity Shareholders (₹ lakhs)	76 16.88	97 85.07
Weighted average number of equity shares (Used as Denominator for calculating Basic EPS)	50,000	50,000
Diluted Earnings per Share (₹)	12 561.85	16 137.66
Net Profit after tax as per Statement of Profit and Loss attributable to Equity Shareholders (₹ lakhs)	76 16.88	97 85.07
Weighted average number of equity shares (Used as Denominator for calculating Diluted EPS)	60,635	60,635
Reconciliation of Weighted average number of shares outstanding		
Weighted average number of equity shares (Used as Denominator for calculating Basic EPS)	50,000	50,000
Weighted Average Potential Equity Shares	10,635	10,635
Total Weighted average number of equity shares for calculating Diluted EPS	60,635	60,635

RELIANCE PETRO MARKETING LIMITED**Notes on Financial Statements for the period ended 31st March 2021****21 RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURE**

As per Ind AS 24, the disclosures of transactions with the related parties are given below:

(i) List of related parties where control exists and related parties with whom transactions have taken place and relationship:

Name of the Related Party	Relationship
Reliance Industries Limited	Ultimate Holding Company
Reliance Retail Limited	Holding Company
Reliance Brands Limited	Fellow Subsidiary Companies
Reliance Jio Infocomm Limited	
Reliance Payment Solutions Limited	
Reliance Corporate IT Park Ltd	
Reliance BP Mobility Limited	
Reliance Ports & Terminal Limited	
Reliance Sibur Elastomers Private Limited	Key Managerial Personnel
Shri Harisha M. Kumar (Upto 12th February 2021)	
Shri Vishal Sood (from 13th February 2021)	

(ii) Transaction during the year with related parties:

₹ Lakhs

Nature of Transactions (Excluding reimbursements)	Ultimate Holding Company	Holding Company	Fellow Subsidiary Company	Directors/ Key Managerial Personnel	Total
1. Purchase					
Purchase during the year	3073 29.54 <i>13902 47.56</i>	-	1773 93.75 -	-	4847 23.29 <i>13902 47.56</i>
Asset Usage Charges	19 39.58 <i>7,943.89</i>	-	1,057.47 -	-	29 97.05 <i>79 43.89</i>
2. Expenditure					
a) Sales Promotion Expense	-	80.18 <i>1 21.42</i>	-	-	80.18 <i>1 21.42</i>
b) Other Expenses					
Professional Fees	1.22 -	-	13.17 <i>1.95</i>	-	14.39 <i>1.95</i>
Telephones Expenses	-	-	13.64 <i>12.96</i>	-	13.64 <i>12.96</i>
POS Rental Charges	-	-	4.76 <i>20.14</i>	-	4.76 <i>20.14</i>
Warehouse expenses	0.47 <i>14.32</i>	-	-	-	0.47 <i>14.32</i>
c) Payment to Key Managerial Personnel	-	-	-	37.00 <i>30.25</i>	37.00 <i>30.25</i>
c) Directors Sitting Fees	-	-	-	7.03 <i>7.91</i>	7.03 <i>7.91</i>
3. Income					
a) Sale during the year	9.59 <i>1 01.09</i>	9.68 <i>26.84</i>	394 24.82 <i>460 19.77</i>	-	394 44.09 <i>461 47.70</i>
4. Purchase / Subscription of Investment	-	-	-	-	-
Balances as at 31st March 2021					
Trade Receiveables	6 96.37 <i>4.61</i>	3.83 <i>12.52</i>	17 25.09 <i>2.01</i>	-	24 25.29 <i>19.14</i>
Trade and Other Payables	13.17 <i>193 68.00</i>	-	167.21 <i>7.28</i>	-	1 80.38 <i>193 80.34</i>
Investment	-	-	-	-	-

Note: Figures in italic represent Previous Year's amounts.

RELIANCE PETRO MARKETING LIMITED**Notes on Financial Statements for the period ended 31st March 2021****(iii) Disclosure in respect of Material Related Party Transactions during the Year:**

₹ Lakhs

Particulars	Relationship	2020-21	2019-20
1. Purchases during the year			
Reliance Industries Limited	Ultimate Holding Company	3092 69.12	13981 91.45
Reliance BP Mobility Limited	Fellow Subsidiary Company	1784 51.22	-
2. Sales Promotion Expenses			
Reliance Retail Limited	Holding Company	80.18	1 21.42
3. Other Expenses			
Reliance Industries Limited	Ultimate Holding Company	1.69	14.32
Reliance Jio Infocomm Limited	Fellow Subsidiary Company	13.64	12.96
Reliance Corporate IT Park Ltd	Fellow Subsidiary Company	13.17	1.95
Reliance Payment Solutions Limited	Fellow Subsidiary Company	4.76	20.14
4. Payment to KMP/ Director			
Shri Harisha M. Kumar	Key Managerial Personnel	0.24	30.25
Shri P Raghavendran	Director	0.17	0.17
Shri C.S. Borar	Director	0.28	0.28
Shri N.B. Deshmukh	Director	0.06	0.06
Shri C.S. Gokhale	Independent Director	3.09	3.09
Shri Shiv Kumar Bhardwaj	Independent Director	3.09	3.09
Ms. Geeta Fulwadaya	Director	0.34	0.34
Shri Vishal SoodHarisha M. Kumar	Key Managerial Personnel	0.13	-
5. Sales during the year			
Reliance Industries Limited	Ultimate Holding Company	9.59	1 01.09
Reliance Retail Limited	Holding Company	9.68	26.84
Reliance BP Mobility Limited	Fellow Subsidiary Company	213 03.57	-
Reliance Ports and Terminal Limited	Fellow Subsidiary Company	2.22	-
Reliance Jio Infocomm Limited	Fellow Subsidiary Company	181 07.83	451 12.63
Reliance Sibur Elastomers Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiary Company	11.20	9 07.14

Notes :

- (1) The transactions with related parties are made on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions.
(2) Review of outstanding balances is undertaken each financial year through examining the financial position of the related party and the market

(iv) Balances as at 31st March 2021₹ Lakh
As at As at

Particulars	Relationship	31st March 2021	31st March, 2020
1 Sundry Debtors			
Reliance Industries Limited	Ultimate Holding Company	5 54.55	4.61
Reliance Retail Limited	Holding Company	21.51	12.52
Reliance BP Mobility Limited	Fellow Subsidiary Company	1 12.53	
Reliance Jio Infocomm Limited	Fellow Subsidiary Company	7.78	2.00
2 Sundry Creditors			
Reliance Industries Limited	Ultimate Holding Company	-	193 68.00
Reliance Retail Limited	Holding Company	-	5.06
Reliance Corporate IT Park Ltd	Fellow Subsidiary Company	13.17	-
Reliance Jio Infocomm Limited	Fellow Subsidiary Company	-	7.28

21.1 Compensation of Key Management personnel

The remuneration of director and other member of key management personnel during the year was as follows :

	2020-21	2019-20
(i) Short term benefits	27.67	29.19
(ii) Post employment benefits	9.33	1.06
(iii) Other long term benefits	-	-
(iv) Share based Payments	-	-
(v) Termination Benefits	-	-
Total	37.00	30.25

RELIANCE PETRO MARKETING LIMITED**Notes on Financial Statements for the period ended 31st March 2021****22 ADDITIONAL INFORMATION**

₹ Lakhs

Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March, 2020
1. Contingent Liability		
(i) Bank Guarantees to Government Authorities	12.37	23.67
(ii) In respect of Sales Tax Liability under various Sales Tax Authorities*	23 67.54	48 27.81
(iii) In respect of Income Tax Liability under Various Income Tax Authorities	0.11	26.71

* The above litigations are not expected to have any material adverse impact on the financial position of the Company.

23 The Income-Tax assessments of the company have been completed up to Assessment Year 2017-18.

24 Capital Management

The Company manages its capital to ensure that it will continue as going concern while maximising the return to stakeholders. The

Gearing Ratio

There is no Debt in the Company as on 31.03.2020 and 31.03.2019. Thus, Gearing Ratio is NIL as on 31.03.2020 and 31.03.2019.

25 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

All financial instruments are initially recognized and subsequently re-measured at fair value as described below:

- The fair value of investment in Mutual Funds is measured at quoted price or NAV.
- All foreign currency denominated assets and liabilities are translated using exchange rate at reporting date.

Particulars	As at 31st March 2021				As at 31st March, 2020		
	Carrying amount	Level of input used in			Carrying amount	Level of input used in	
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3		Level 1	Level 3
Financial Assets							
At Amortised Cost							
Trade Receivables	2 90.30	-	-	269 29.58	-	-	
Cash and Bank Balances	5 65.53	-	-	13 35.36	-	-	
Other Financial Assets	53 09.58	-	-	70 33.20	-	-	
At FVTOCI							
Investments	450 34.37	450 34.35	-	0.02	233 13.51	233 13.49	0.02
Financial Liabilities							
At Amortised Cost							
Trade Payables	23 95.35	-	-	274 81.62	-	-	
Other Financial Liabilities	182 20.20	-	-	212 80.20	-	-	

The financial instruments are categorized into two levels based on the inputs used to arrive at fair value measurements as described

Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities; and

Level 2: Inputs other than the quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or

Level 3: Pricing inputs are based on unobservable market data and the fair values of these instruments are determined using a

Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency exposure profile is given below :

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2019	As at 31st March, 2018
	USD	USD
Trade and Other Receivables	-	-

A) Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument will fail to perform or pay amounts due causing financial

RELIANCE PETRO MARKETING LIMITED**Notes on Financial Statements for the period ended 31st March 2021****B) Liquidity Risk**

Liquidity risk is the risk that suitable sources of funding for the company's business activities may not be available. Prudent liquidity

26 The Company is mainly engaged in 'retail selling and distribution of Petroleum and related products' catering to Indian customers. All

27 DETAILS OF LOANS GIVEN, INVESTMENTS MADE AND GUARANTEES GIVEN COVERED U/S 186(4) OF THE COMPANIES

- i) Loans given ₹ NIL (Previous year ₹ NIL)
- ii) Investments made ₹ NIL (Previous year ₹ NIL)
- iii) Guarantees given and Securities provided by the Company in respect of loan ₹ NIL (Previous year ₹ NIL)

28 APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Financial Statements were approved for issue by the Board of Directors on 27th April 2021

The figures for the corresponding previous year have been regrouped/reclassified, wherever necessary, to make them comparable.

As per our Report of even date

For **Pathak H. D. & Associates LLP**
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No.: 107783W/W100593

For and on behalf of the Board

Ashutosh Jethlia
Partner
Membership No - 136007

C. S. Borar
Director
DIN - 00043459

Srinivas Tuttagunta
Director
DIN - 08923672

Place: Mumbai
Date: 27th April 2021

Vishal Sood
Whole-time-director
DIN - 09063113

V. Mohana
Director
DIN - 08333092